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list      p=16c505          ; list directive to define processor
#include <p16c505.inc>      ; processor specific variable definitions

__CONFIG  _CP_ON & _WDT_OFF & _MCLRE_OFF & _IntRC_OSC_CLKOUTEN

; '__CONFIG' directive is used to embed configuration word within .asm file.
; The labels following the directive are located in the respective .inc file.
; See respective data sheet for additional information on configuration word.

;***** VARIABLE DEFINITIONS
PWCount    EQU    0x08    ; counter used for output pulse width
; must count to 20 (200ms)

CountLo     EQU    0x09    ; low byte of 5 minute counter (255=2.55 seconds)
CountHi     EQU    0x0a    ; high byte of 5 minute counter (118=5
minutes)

State       EQU    0x0b    ; bit0 high if light has been turned on
; bit1 high if past initial blanking period (10 seconds)
; bit2 high to prevent retriggering from shutoff pulse
; bit3 high to indicate checking in progress
; bit4 high to indicate RS232OK
; bit5 high to indicate WORKLIGHT on

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#define LITEON 0 ;
#define AWAKE 1 ;
#define BLANK 2 ;
#define CHECKING 3 ;

BlankCnt EQU 0x0c ; used to prevent triggering from shutoff pulse
PresCnt EQU 0x0d ; used to count presence of signal, 10 ms/count
PWMCount EQU 0x0e ; used as main counter for pwm functions
PWMVal EQU 0x0f ; high duration count (0 - 255)
PWMSRem EQU 0x10 ; low duration count (0 - 255)
PWMCycle EQU 0x11 ; counts cycles, need 8 to run 10ms

IncCount EQU 0x12 ; counts high readings before incrementing pwm
DecCount EQU 0x13 ; counts low readings before decrementing pwm
StoredPWM EQU 0x14 ; stored value of PWM, used to check if light has
increased or decreased
CheckCnt EQU 0x15 ; counter used to count one second before checking light
value
LoCnt EQU 0x16 ; counter used to measure low pulse width on line
WarmBoot EQU 0x17 ; set to 0x55 in normal ops. Check if==0x55 on powerup.
cold boot if not

LeapCount EQU 0x18 ;
PlungeCount EQU 0x19 ;

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; RC0 - photocell input, high for Dark
; RC1 - PIR input 1, low for disturbance
; RC2 - PIR input 2, high for disturbance
; RC3 - Pulse output, 250ms high pulse to drive transistor
; RB2 - Test input - when low, startup timer is eliminated, and the light is
held on
;
for 3 seconds instead of 5 minutes.

#define DARK 0
#define PIRH 1 ; active high, pin 9
#define PIRL 2 ; active low, pin 8
#define PULSEOUT 3 ; transistor drive output
#define PWMOUT 5 ; test output on RC5
#define RS232DRV 4 ; test output on RC4
#define TESTP13 0 ; test output on RB0
#define WORKLIGHT 5 ; bit 5 of State byte, high to indicate that
worklight is on (based on query)
#define RS232OK 4 ; bit 4 of State byte, indicates that
RS232 is supported by GDO

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;*****  
; Internal RC calibration value is placed at location 0x3FF by Microchip  
; as a movlw k, where the k is a literal value.  
ORG 0x3FF ; processor reset vector
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ORG . 0x000 ; coding begins here
movwf OSCCAL ; update register with factory cal value
clrfsr FSR    ; ensure FSR register points to Bank0
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; Setup option register for prescaling, timer uses internal clock and prescaler
;      movlw 0x0          ; temporary patchout to speed sim, @@@
;      movlw 0x044        ; set prescaler to divide by 32, disable pullups
;                          ; timer period is 32us
option           ;

; Setup ports
;      RC0 - photocell input, high for Dark
;      RC1 - PIR input 1, high for disturbance
;      RC2 - PIR input 2, low for disturbance
;      RC3 - Pulse output, 250ms high pulse to drive transistor
;      RB2 - Test input - when low, startup timer is eliminated, and the light is
held on
;                          for 3 seconds instead of 5 minutes.

      movlw 0x07          ; set RC3,4,5 only as output
      tris  PORTC         ;
;
      movlw 0x6           ; set RBX as outputs, except for RB2 and RB1
      tris  PORTB         ;
;
      bcf    PORTB,5       ; turn on power to amplifier
      bsf    State,BLANK  ; set BLANK so that vacation mode won't cause retriggers
      clrf   BlankCnt     ;
;
      movlw 0x55
      subwf WarmBoot,w   ; if WarmBoot==0x55, assume warm boot and go to main
loop
      btfsc STATUS,Z      ;
      goto  main_loop     ;
;
      bcf    PORTB,TESTP13  ;
;
      clrf   TMRO          ; start timer off at zero
      bcf    PORTC,RS232DRV  ;
      clrf   PWCount        ; initialize all variables
      clrf   CountLo        ;
      clrf   CountHi        ;
      clrf   State          ;
      clrf   PORTC          ;
      clrf   PORTB          ;
      clrf   PresCnt        ;
      bcf    State,BLANK    ;
      bcf    State,CHECKING  ;
      clrf   CheckCnt       ;
      clrf   IncCount        ;
      clrf   DecCount        ;
      clrf   LoCnt          ;
      movlw 0x7f
      movwf  PWMVal         ; temporary values for sim
      movwf  PWMRem         ;
      clrf   PlungeCount    ;
      clrf   LeapCount       ;

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main_loop

; turn on PWM output
    clrf  PWMCycle      ;
    movlw 0x07          ; set RC3,4,5 only as output
    tris  PORTC         ;

; set pwm output high
PWMStart:
    bsf   PORTC,PWMOUT      ;
    clrf  PWMCount        ;

; count PWMVal counts
PWM1:
    incf  PWMCount,1      ;
    movf  PWMVal,0        ; put PWMVal into w
    subwf PWMCount,0      ; w= PWMCount - PWMVal (if result is positive or zero, C
is set)
    btfss STATUS,C        ; if C is clear, stay in the loop
    goto  PWM1            ;
    clrf  PWMCount        ;

; clear PWM output
    bcf   PORTC,PWMOUT      ;

; count PWMRem counts
PWM2:
    incf  PWMCount,1      ;
    movf  PWMRem,0        ; put PWMRem into w
    subwf PWMCount,0      ; w= PWMCount - PWMRem
    btfss STATUS,C        ; if C is clear (PWMRem>PWMCount), stay in loop
    goto  PWM2            ;

; this point is hit about every 1.6ms
; check if line is low for three consecutive cycles - if so, go to sleep - if
not, clear counter
    btfsc PORTB,1          ;
    goto  linehi           ;
    incf  LoCnt,1          ;
    movlw 3                ;
    subwf LoCnt,0          ;
    btfss STATUS,Z          ;
    goto  chkcycles        ;
    bsf   PORTB,5          ; turn off analog section
    movlw 0x55              ;
    movwf WarmBoot          ;
    sleep                 ; exit from sleep will be through reset

linehi:
    clrf  LoCnt            ;

; check if PWM program has run 6 times - if not, run it again
chkcycles:
    incf  PWMCycle,1      ;
    movlw 0x6              ;

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subwf PWMCycle,0 ;
btfs STATUS,C ;
goto PWMStart ;

; if so, turn off PWM output and go to processing functions
movlw 0x27 ; set RC3,4,5 only as output
tris PORTC ;


; check comparator - if low, reduce output voltage
btfsc PORTC,0 ;
goto boostpwm ; if light comparator is high, go to boost output
voltage
clr f LeapCount ;
inc f DecCount,1 ;
movlw 0xa ;
subwf DecCount,0 ; check if DecCount is >10
btfs STATUS,C ; if not, get out of ad ops
goto ad_done ;
clr f DecCount ; if it is >10, clear DecCount
movf PWMVal,1 ; check if PWMVal is 0 - if not, decrement it
btfsc STATUS,Z ;
goto ad_done ;
decf PWMVal,1 ; decrement PWMVal, put back in PWMVal
incf PlungeCount,1 ; increment PlungeCount
movlw 0xc ;
subwf PlungeCount,w ; check if PlungeCount>12 -> w=PlungeCount-12 ->
if PlCnt<12, C=0
btfs STATUS,C ; if not, get out of ad ops
goto ad_done ;
movlw 0x20 ; if PWMVal < 0x20, don't sub 10
subwf PWMVal,w ; w=PWMVal-20. if PWMVal<20, C=0, and get out.
btfs STATUS,C ;
goto ad_done ;
movlw 0x9 ;
subwf PWMVal,f ; PWMVal = PWMVal - 9
goto ad_done
boostpwm:
clr f PlungeCount ;
inc f IncCount,1 ;
movlw 0xa ;
subwf IncCount,0 ; check if DecCount is >10
btfs STATUS,C ; if not, get out of ad ops
goto ad_done ;
clr f IncCount ; if it is >10, clear DecCount
movlw 0xff ;
subwf PWMVal,0 ;
btfsc STATUS,Z ;
goto ad_done ;
incf PWMVal,1 ; decrement PWMVal, put back in PWMVal
incf LeapCount,f ; increment PlungeCount
movlw 0xc ;
subwf LeapCount,w ; check if LeapCount>12 -> w=LeapCount-12 -> if
LeapCount<12, C=0
btfs STATUS,C ; if not, get out of ad ops
goto ad_done ;

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        movlw 0xd0      ; if PWMVal > 0xd0, don't sub 10
        subwf PWMVal,w ; w=PWMVal-d0.  if PWMVal>d0, C=1, and get out.
        btfsc STATUS,C ;
        goto ad_done    ;
        movlw 0x9       ;
        addwf PWMVal,f ; PWMVal = PWMVal - 9

ad_done:
        comf PWMVal,0   ; complement PWMVal and store result in w reg
        movwf PWMRem    ;

; if LITEON is high or if AWAKE is low or if BLANK is high,
; must increment CountLo and CountHi

        btfsc State,LITEON      ; if LITEON is high, jump to countup
        goto countup            ;
        btfss State,AWAKE       ; if AWAKE is low, jump to countup
        goto countup            ;
        btfsc State,BLANK       ; if BLANK is high, jump to countup
        goto countup            ;
        goto nocount           ; if neither condition is met, go to nocount

countup
        movlw 0xff      ;
        subwf CountLo,0   ; W=CountLo-255.  Z=1 if CountLo=255
        btfss STATUS,Z    ; if Z is clear, skip incrementing CountHi
        goto lo_only      ;
        incf CountHi,1   ;
lo_only
        incf CountLo,1   ;
        incf BlankCnt,1  ;

nocount
; if CHECKING is high, increment CheckCnt
        btfss State,CHECKING ;
        goto checklo         ;
        incf CheckCnt,1   ;
; check if CHECKING period (one second) is over - if so, clear CHECKING,
; and if PWMVal is higher (meaning it got darker in the second since a pulse
was sent),
; then send another pulse
        movlw 0x64      ; 100 in hex
        subwf CheckCnt,0  ; w = CheckCnt-100.  C=0 if CheckCnt<100
        btfss STATUS,C    ; if C=1, go to check PWMVal against StoredPWM
        goto checklo      ;

        btfss State,LITEON      ; if LITEON is high, do the "want light on"
version
        goto liteonlo        ;
; if LITEON is high, do the following
        movf PWMVal,0      ; move PWMVal into w
        subwf StoredPWM,0   ; w = StoredPWM-PWMVal.  C=0 if StoredPWM<PWMVal
        btfss STATUS,C      ; if C=1 (got lighter), don't send pulse again

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bsf PORTC,PULSEOUT ;
goto clrcheck ;

; if LITEON is low, do the following .
liteonlo:
    movf StoredPWM,0 ; move StoredPWM into w
    subwf PWMVal,0 ; w = PWMVal-StoredPWM. C=0 if PWMVal<StoredPWM
    btfss STATUS,C ; if C=1 (got darker), don't send pulse again
    bsf PORTC,PULSEOUT ;

clrcheck:
    bcf State,CHECKING ;
    bcf PORTC,TESTP6 ;
    clrf CheckCnt ;
checklo:
    ; check if awake - if not, check if it's time. if not, go to top.
    btfsc State,AWAKE ; if AWAKE is high, go to other stuff.. if not, check
counter
    goto already_awake ;
    ; check test pin - if low, go to set_awake
    ; old line below, started in 5 minutes
    ; movlw 0x76 ; corresponds to 118d, timeout of 5 minutes
    ; movlw 0x23 ; corresponds to 35d, timeout of 90 seconds
    btfss PORTB,2 ;
    goto set_awake ;
    subwf CountHi,0 ;
    btfss STATUS,Z ; if CountHi != 35, go to main_loop again
    goto main_loop ;

    ; if time to go awake, set AWAKE, clear timers, and go to top
set_awake
    bsf State,AWAKE ; set AWAKE bit
    bsf PORTB,TESTP13 ; set external test pin 13
    clrf CountLo ;
    clrf CountHi ;
    goto main_loop ;

already_awake    nop

; check PULSEOUT - if set, increment PWCount
    btfss PORTC,PULSEOUT ; if PULSEOUT is not set, go to next section
    goto exit_pulse ;

    incf PWCount,1 ;

; check if timeout has been reached, if so then clear it
    movlw 0x14 ; move 20d into W
    subwf PWCount,0 ; if same, Z==1
    btfss STATUS,Z ;
    goto exit_pulse ;
    bcf PORTC,PULSEOUT ;
    clrf PWCount ;

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exit_pulse    nop          ;
; check if BLANK is high - if so, ignore PIR and check if it's time to drop
;   BLANK
    btfsc State,BLANK ;
    goto  check_blank ;
; check PIR inputs - if active, clear out CountLo and CountHi
    btfss PORTC,PIRL ;
    goto  presence
    btfsc PORTC,PIRH ;
    goto  presence
    goto  quiet

presence
    incf  PresCnt,1 ;
; if PresCnt > 2, perform ops - otherwise, go back to main loop
    movlw 2
    subwf PresCnt,0 ; W = PresCnt-10. C=0 if PresCnt < 10
    btfss STATUS,C ; check C, if set then skip goto, otherwise loopback
    goto  main_loop ;
    clrf  CountHi
    clrf  PresCnt

; check if LITEON - if not, check Dark - if dark, make pulse
    btfsc State,LITEON      ; if LITEON is set, jump to top
    goto  main_loop

; check if PWMVal>128 - if so, set LITEON and call pulse program
    movlw 0x80
    subwf PWMVal,0 ; W = PWMVal-0x80. C=0 if PWMVal<0x80
    btfss STATUS,C ; if C is set, generate pulse - otherwise, back to top
    goto  main_loop ;
    call  query_lite ; test function for the moment @@@

; if RS232OK is low, set LITEON, set pulseout, save PWMVal in StoredPWM, and set
CHECKING
    btfsc State,RS232OK ;
    goto  rs_set
    bsf   State,LITEON ;
    bsf   PORTC,PULSEOUT ;
    movf  PWMVal,0 ;
    movwf StoredPWM ;
    bsf   State,CHECKING ;
    goto  main_loop ;

; if RS232OK is high, check if WORKLIGHT is low, if so then set pulseout and
LITEON. then go back to top
rs_set:
    clrf  BlankCnt ;
    bsf   State,BLANK ; setting BLANK here stops oscillations

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        btfsc State,WORKLIGHT      ;
        goto main_loop      ;
        bsf   State,LITEON      ;
        bsf   PORTC,PULSEOUT    ;
        goto main_loop      ;

check_blank

        movlw 0xff      ; if BLANK has been high for 2.5 seconds,
        subwf BlankCnt,0    ; shut it off
        btfss STATUS,Z      ;
        goto quiet      ;
        bcf   State,BLANK    ;
;       bcf   PORTC,TEST2  ; clear external test pin 5

quiet:

        clrf PresCnt      ;
; if PIR inputs are inactive, check if CountHi==118. if so, clear out LITEON
and pulse
        btfss State,LITEON      ;
        goto main_loop      ;
        movlw 0x8d      ; 141d, equal to 6 minutes
        btfss PORTB,2      ; if test pin is low, load up 2 as test for
CountHi
        movlw 0x2      ;
        subwf CountHi,0    ; if CountHi==141, then Z=1
        btfss STATUS,Z      ;
        goto main_loop      ;
        clrf CountHi      ;
        clrf CountLo      ;
        bcf   State,LITEON    ;
        bsf   State,BLANK    ;
        clrf BlankCnt      ;
        call query_lite    ;

; if RS232OK is low, set pulseout, set StoredPWM equal to PWMVal, set CHECKING,
go to top

        btfsc State,RS232OK      ;
        goto rs_clr      ;
        bsf   PORTC,PULSEOUT    ;
        movf  PWMVal,0      ;
        movwf StoredPWM      ;
        bsf   State,CHECKING    ;
        goto main_loop      ;

; if RS232OK is high, check if WORKLIGHT is high, if so then set pulseout. then
go back to top
rs_clr:
        btfsc State,WORKLIGHT      ;
        bsf   PORTC,PULSEOUT    ;
        goto main_loop      ;

query_lite:

        bcf   State,WORKLIGHT    ;

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; look for key reading pulse, stay until seen
waittillo:
    btfsc PORTB,1           ; read pin 12, RB1
    goto waittillo ;
waittilhi:
    btfss PORTB,1           ; read pin 12, RB1
    goto waittilhi ;

; reset timer, timer bits are 32us/bit
    clrf TMR0               ; clear out TMR0 to start timer again

; wait 500 us
wait500:
    movlw 0x10               ;
    subwf TMR0,0             ; check if TMR0 = 16 (time = 512us)
    btfss STATUS,Z           ;
    goto wait500             ; if not yet, check again
    clrf TMR0               ; clear timer
; send 0x3a
; turn pin 6 on for 1666 us,
; off for 833us,
; on for 833us,
; off for 2499us,
; on for 1666us.
    bsf PORTC,RS232DRV     ;
wait1:
    movlw 0x33               ;
    subwf TMR0,0             ; check if TMR0 = 51 (time = 1664us)
    btfss STATUS,Z           ;
    goto wait1               ; if not yet, check again
    clrf TMR0               ;
    bcf PORTC,RS232DRV     ;
wait2:
    movlw 0x19               ;
    subwf TMR0,0             ; check if TMR0 = 26 (time = 832us)
    btfss STATUS,Z           ;
    goto wait2               ; if not yet, check again
    clrf TMR0               ;
    bsf PORTC,RS232DRV     ;
wait3:
    movlw 0x19               ;
    subwf TMR0,0             ; check if TMR0 = 26 (time = 832us)
    btfss STATUS,Z           ;
    goto wait3               ; if not yet, check again
    clrf TMR0               ;
    bcf PORTC,RS232DRV     ;
wait4:
    movlw 0x4d               ;
    subwf TMR0,0             ; check if TMR0 = 78 (time = 2496us)
    btfss STATUS,Z           ;
    goto wait4               ; if not yet, check again
    clrf TMR0               ;
    bsf PORTC,RS232DRV     ;
wait5:
    movlw 0x4d               ;
    subwf TMR0,0             ; check if TMR0 = 78 (time = 2496us)
    btfss STATUS,Z           ;

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    goto  wait5      ; if not yet, check again
    clrf  TMRO      ;
    bcf   PORTC,RS232DRV      ;

; wait for 100us for pin 12 to rise before checking
wait6:
    movlw 0x3      ;
    subwf TMRO,0      ; check if TMRO = 3 (time = 96us)
    btfss STATUS,Z      ;
    goto  wait6      ; if not yet, check again
    clrf  TMRO      ;

; wait for pin 12 to drop low - if it drops for more than 500us, then
; RS-232 is active. If it stays low for less than 500us, RS-232 is
; inactive.
checkp12:
    .btfsc PORTB,1      ; read pin 12, RB1
    goto  checkp12      ;
    clrf  TMRO      ; reset counter to start measuring low pw

    bsf   State,RS232OK      ;
; first time high is seen, check if time > 512us, or 16 counts. If so, set
RS232OK.
; also check if time = 2912us, or 91 counts. If it is, sample pin12 and pass to
WORKLIGHT. Exit.

reading:
    btfss PORTB,1      ;
    goto  p12lo      ;
    movlw 0x10      ;
    subwf TMRO,0      ; W=TMRO-0x10. If TMRO<10, then C=0
    btfsc STATUS,C      ;
    goto  p12lo      ;
    bcf   State,RS232OK      ;

p12lo:
    movlw 0x56      ;
    subwf TMRO,0      ;
    btfss STATUS,Z      ;
    goto  reading      ;

; sample pin 12, set WORKLIGHT if HIGH
    btfsc PORTB,1      ;
    bsf   State,WORKLIGHT      ;
    clrf  TMRO      ;

; wait for end of signal from GDO
restofrx:
    movlw 0xc8      ;
    subwf TMRO,0      ;
    btfss STATUS,Z      ;
    goto  restofrx      ;
    clrf  TMRO      ;

; send break
    bsf   PORTC,RS232DRV      ;

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```
break1:  
    movlw 0xff      ;  
    subwf TMRO,0     ;  
    btfss STATUS,Z    ;  
    goto break1      ;  
    clrf  TMRO      ;  
break2:  
    movlw 0x20      ;  
    subwf TMRO,0     ;  
    btfss STATUS,Z    ;  
    goto break2      ;  
    bcf   PORTC,RS232DRV  ;  
  
    retlw 0          ;  
  
END           ; directive 'end of program'
```